
mslookup service Documentation

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1.1 MsLookup Webservice

The MSLookup web service is a Restful API that provides a programatic interface to access to peptide evidences previously identified in mass spectrometry experiments.

Note: The API is published in the following URL: <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws>

1.1.1 Mass spectrum JSON structure

The MSLookup service provides mass spectrometry evidences for peptides, with special focus on modified peptides (PTMs - posttranslational modifications) and single aminoacid variants. The structure of the spectra provided on each endpoint is the following:

```
{
  "id": "NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80003",
  "usi": "NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80003",
  "pepSequence": "AQLGVQAFADALLIIPK",
  "proteinAccessions": [ "P40227-2", "ENSP00000275603.4" ],
  "geneAccessions": [ "CCT6A", "ENSG00000146731.11", "ENST00000335503.3" ],
  "precursorMz": 514.8157,
  "precursorCharge": 4,
  "projectAssays": null,
  "pxProjects": null,
  "species": [],
  "modifications": [
    {
      "neutralLoss": null,
      "positionMap": [
        {
          "key": 0,
```

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```

        "value": []
      },
      {
        "key": 16,
        "value": []
      }
    ],
    "modification": {
      "cvLabel": "UNIMOD",
      "accession": "UNIMOD:214",
      "name": "iTRAQ4plex",
      "value": "144.102063"
    },
    "attributes": null
  }
],
"masses": [145.1084, 199.1806, 458.2939],
"intensities": [5123.7, 6716.8, 2049.7],
"retentionTime": null,
"properties": null,
"missedCleavages": 0,
"annotations": null,
"qualityEstimationMethods": [],
"text": null
}

```

1.1.2 Main spectra attributes

The mass spectrum attributes can be divided in three main groups:

- **biology properties:**
 - Protein accessions in ENSEMBL and UNIPROT that contains the corresponding peptides; gene accessions which represent a list of gene names, gene and transcript accessions from ENSEMBL that contains the corresponding peptides.
 - Post-translational modifications: a list of post-translational modifications identified by mass spectrometry including position, monoisotopic mass, and UNIMOD accession if available.
 - Additional metadata: species, sample conditions, tissue, cell-line, proteomeXchange project accessions.
- mass spectrometry properties: Spectrum information including (precursor mz, charge and peak list), additional information such as retention time and missed-cleavages.
- statistical assessment: additional quality and statistical assessment scores such as search engine scores, p-values, q-values.

If the information is not available empty lists or *null* values are provided.

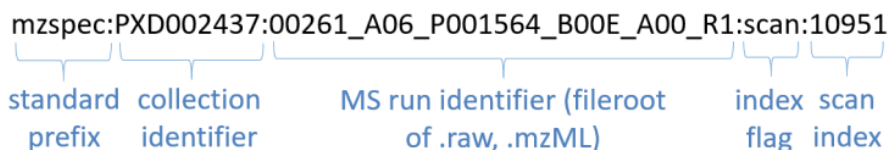
1.2 Get by USI

USI(universal spectrum identifier) is a unique representation for a mass spectrum within a resource or a dataset [Documentation](#). In summary, a USI is a combination of a dataset accession or collection (e.g. spectral library); a file within

that collection and an scan or index number withing the file. Inm addition, the USI can contains the information about the peptide sequence and PTMs.

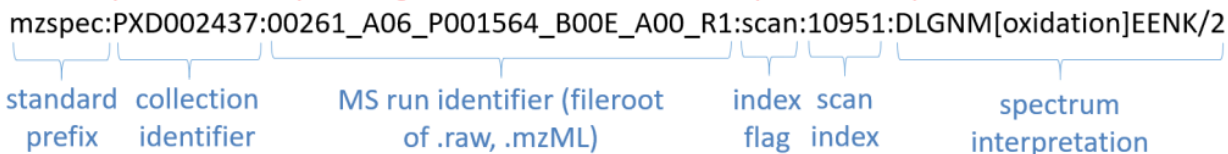
Dataset spectrum example using native scan number:

mzspec:PXD002437:00261_A06_P001564_B00E_A00_R1:scan:10951



Dataset spectrum example using native scan number with optional interpretation:

mzspec:PXD002437:00261_A06_P001564_B00E_A00_R1:scan:10951:DLGNM[oxidation]EENK/2



If you want to know more about USI, USI Specification.

1.2.1 Swagger

Note: <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/swagger-ui/index.html?url=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs&configUrl=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs/swagger-config#/Spectra/findByUsi>

1.2.2 Curl

```
curl -X GET "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/findByUsi?usi=NIST:
↪%3Acptac2_human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp%3Aindex%3A80003" -H "accept: */*"

```

1.2.3 Python sample code

```
import requests

def main():
    url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/findByUsi?usi=NIST:cptac2_
↪human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80003'
    response = requests.get(url)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)

print(response.text)

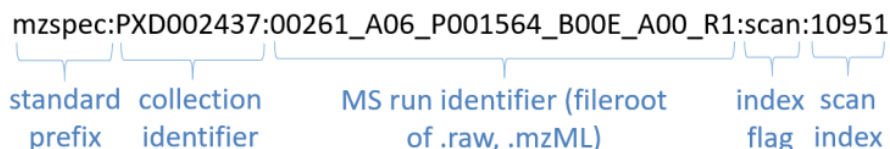
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

1.3 Get Spectra using list of USIs

USI(universal spectrum identifier) is a unique representation for a mass spectrum within a resource or a dataset [Documentation](#). In summary, a USI is a combination of a dataset accession or collection (e.g. spectral library); a file within that collection and an scan or index number withing the file. Inm addition, the USI can contains the information about the peptide sequence and PTMs.

Dataset spectrum example using native scan number:

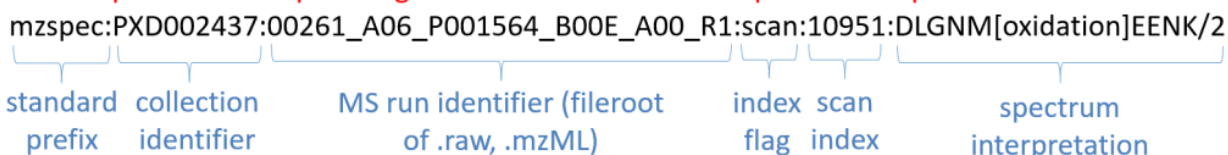
mzspec:PXD002437:00261_A06_P001564_B00E_A00_R1:scan:10951



standard prefix collection identifier MS run identifier (fileroot of .raw, .mzML) index scan flag index

Dataset spectrum example using native scan number with optional interpretation:

mzspec:PXD002437:00261_A06_P001564_B00E_A00_R1:scan:10951:DLGNM[oxidation]EENK/2



standard prefix collection identifier MS run identifier (fileroot of .raw, .mzML) index scan flag index spectrum interpretation

If you want to know more about USI, [USI Specification](#).

1.3.1 Swagger

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/swagger-ui/index.html?url=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs&configUrl=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs/swagger-config#/Spectra/findByMultipleUsisSse>

OR

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/swagger-ui/index.html?url=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs&configUrl=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs/swagger-config#/Spectra/findByMultipleUsisStream>

1.3.2 Curl

```
curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByMultipleUsis"
↪ -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '["NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_
↪ itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80003", "NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itaq_selected_
↪ part1_2015.msp:index:80016"]'
```

OR

```
curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/
↪ findByMultipleUsis" -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '[
↪ "NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itaq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80003", "NIST:cptac2_
↪ human_hcd_itaq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80016"]'
```

1.3.3 Python sample code

Using SSEs

Note: pip install sseclient-py

```
from sseclient import SSEClient    #pip install sseclient-py
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByMultipleUsis'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '["NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80003",
↪ "NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80016"]'

def main():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    client = SSEClient(response)
    for event in client.events():
        if event.event.lower() == "spectrum":
            print(event.data)
        elif event.event.lower() == "done":
            client.close()
            break

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Using Stream

```
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/findByMultipleUsis'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '["NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80003",
↪ "NIST:cptac2_human_hcd_itraq_selected_part1_2015.msp:index:80016"]'

def main1():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    for line in response.iter_lines():
        if line:
            print(line)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main1()
```

1.4 Search by peptide sequence

1.4.1 Swagger

We recommend not to use browser for this as the amount of data could be really huge

Warning: 'peptideSequenceRegex' parameter should contain at-least 4 valid characters

valid: AS*DF, ASDF* etc.,

invalid: AS*F, ASF* etc.,

1.4.2 Curl

```
curl -X GET "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByPepSequence?
↳peptideSequenceRegex=AVC*KR" -H "accept: */*"
```

OR

```
curl -X GET "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/
↳findByPepSequence?peptideSequenceRegex=AVC*KR" -H "accept: */*"
```

1.4.3 Python sample code

Using SSEs

Note: pip install sseclient-py

```
from sseclient import SSEClient    #pip install sseclient-py
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByPepSequence?
↳peptideSequenceRegex=AVC*KR'

def main():
    response = requests.get(url, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    client = SSEClient(response)
    for event in client.events():
        if event.event.lower() == "spectrum":
            print(event.data)
        elif event.event.lower() == "done":
            client.close()
            break

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Using Stream

```
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/findByPepSequence?
↳peptideSequenceRegex=AVC*KR'

def main1():
    response = requests.get(url, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    for line in response.iter_lines():
        if line:
            print(line)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main1()
```

1.5 Search by protein accessions

1.5.1 Swagger

We recommend not to use browser for this as the amount of data could be really huge

1.5.2 Curl

```
curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/
↳findByProteinAccessions" -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '[
↳"ENSP00000382982.3","P68363","P68366"]'

OR

curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/
↳findByProteinAccessions" -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '[
↳"ENSP00000382982.3","P68363","P68366"]'
```

1.5.3 Python sample code

Using SSEs

Note: pip install sseclient-py

```
from sseclient import SSEClient    #pip install sseclient-py
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByProteinAccessions'
```

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```
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '["ENSP00000382982.3", "P68363", "P68366"]'

def main():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    client = SSEClient(response)
    for event in client.events():
        if event.event.lower() == "spectrum":
            print(event.data)
        elif event.event.lower() == "done":
            client.close()
            break

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Using Stream

```
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/
↳findByProteinAccessions'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '["ENSP00000382982.3", "P68363", "P68366"]'

def main1():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    for line in response.iter_lines():
        if line:
            print(line)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main1()
```

1.6 Search by gene accessions

1.6.1 Swagger

We recommend not to use browser for this as the amount of data could be really huge

1.6.2 Curl

```
curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/
↪findByGeneAccessions" -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '[
↪"ENSG00000183785.15","TUBA4A","TUBA8"]'
```

OR

```
curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/
↪findByGeneAccessions" -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '[
↪"ENSG00000183785.15","TUBA4A","TUBA8"]'
```

1.6.3 Python sample code

Using SSEs

Note: pip install sseclient-py

```
from sseclient import SSEClient    #pip install sseclient-py
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByGeneAccessions'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '["ENSG00000183785.15","TUBA4A","TUBA8"]'

def main():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    client = SSEClient(response)
    for event in client.events():
        if event.event.lower() == "spectrum":
            print(event.data)
        elif event.event.lower() == "done":
            client.close()
            break

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Using Stream

```
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/findByGeneAccessions'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '["ENSG00000183785.15","TUBA4A","TUBA8"]'

def main1():
```

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```
response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
if response.status_code != 200:
    text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
    raise Exception(text)
for line in response.iter_lines():
    if line:
        print(line)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main1()
```

1.7 Search by ptm & peptide sequence

1.7.1 Swagger

We recommend not to use browser for this as the amount of data could be really huge

1.7.2 Sample request payloads

sample1

```
{
  "peptideSequenceRegex": "AQLG*",
  "positions": [9, 16],
  "ptmKey": "name",
  "ptmValue": "iTRAQ4plex",
  "proteinAccessions": ["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"],
  "geneAccessions": ["ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"]
}
```

sample2

```
{
  "peptideSequenceRegex": "AQLG*",
  "positions": [9, 16],
  "ptmKey": "accession",
  "ptmValue": "UNIMOD:214",
  "proteinAccessions": ["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"],
  "geneAccessions": ["ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"]
}
```

sample3

```
{
  "peptideSequenceRegex": "AQLG*",
  "positions": [9, 16],
  "ptmKey": "mass",
  "ptmValue": "144.102063",
  "proteinAccessions": ["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"],
  "geneAccessions": ["ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"]
}
```

Note: ‘proteinAccessions’ & ‘geneAccessions’ are optional filters.

Warning: ‘peptideSequenceRegex’ parameter should contain at-least 4 valid characters

valid: AS*DF, ASDF* etc.,

invalid: AS*F, ASF* etc.,

Warning: ‘ptmKey’ should be one of these: ‘name, accession, mass’ and ‘ptmValue’ should be it’s corresponding value

1.7.3 Curl

```
curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByPtm" -H
↪ "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*
↪ ", "positions": [9,16], "ptmKey": "mass", "ptmValue": "144.102063"}'
```

OR

```
curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/findByPtm" -H
↪ "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*
↪ ", "positions": [9,16], "ptmKey": "mass", "ptmValue": "144.102063"}'
```

1.7.4 Python sample code

Using SSEs

Note: pip install sseclient-py

```
from sseclient import SSEClient    #pip install sseclient-py
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/sse/findByPtm'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '{"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*", "positions": [9,16], "ptmKey": "mass", "ptmValue":
↪ "144.102063"}'

def main():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    client = SSEClient(response)
    for event in client.events():
        if event.event.lower() == "spectrum":
            print(event.data)
        elif event.event.lower() == "done":
```

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```
        client.close()
        break

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Using Stream

```
import requests

url = 'https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/findByPtm'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '{"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*", "positions": [9, 16], "ptmKey": "mass", "ptmValue":
↪ "144.102063"}'

def main1():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    for line in response.iter_lines():
        if line:
            print(line)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main1()
```

1.8 Search by one or more filters

1.8.1 Swagger

<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/swagger-ui/index.html?url=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs&configUrl=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs/swagger-config#/Spectra/findByGenericRequest>

To get just total count : <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/swagger-ui/index.html?url=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs&configUrl=/pride/multiomics/ws/api-docs/swagger-config#/Spectra/findByGenericRequestCount>

1.8.2 Sample request payloads

sample

```
{
  "peptideSequenceRegex": "AQLG*",
  "ptm": {
    "ptmKey": "name",
    "ptmValue": "iTRAQ4plex"
  },
  "proteinAccessions": ["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"],
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```
"geneAccessions": ["ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"]
}
```

Warning: Any one filter is mandatory i.e., either 'peptideSequenceRegex' or 'ptm' or 'proteinAccessions' or 'geneAccessions'

Warning: 'ptmKey' should be one of these: 'name, accession, mass' and 'ptmValue' should be it's corresponding value

Warning: 'peptideSequenceRegex' parameter should contain at-least 4 valid characters

valid: AS*DF, ASDF* etc.,

invalid: AS*F, ASF* etc.,

1.8.3 Curl

```
SSE: curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/see/
↳findByGenericRequest" -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{
↳"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*", "ptm":{"ptmKey":"name", "ptmValue":"iTRAQ4plex"},
↳"proteinAccessions":["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"], "geneAccessions": [
↳"ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"] }'
```

OR

```
Streams: curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/
↳findByGenericRequest" -H "accept: */*" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{
↳"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*", "ptm":{"ptmKey":"name", "ptmValue":"iTRAQ4plex"},
↳"proteinAccessions":["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"], "geneAccessions": [
↳"ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"] }'
```

1.8.4 Python sample code

Using SSEs

Note: pip install sseclient-py

```
from sseclient import SSEClient    #pip install sseclient-py
import requests

url = 'curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/see/
↳findByGenericRequest'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '{"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*", "ptm":{"ptmKey":"name", "ptmValue":"iTRAQ4plex
↳"}, "proteinAccessions":["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"], "geneAccessions": [
↳"ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"] }'
```

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```
def main():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    client = SSEClient(response)
    for event in client.events():
        if event.event.lower() == "spectrum":
            print(event.data)
        elif event.event.lower() == "done":
            client.close()
            break

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Using Stream

```
import requests

url = 'curl -X POST "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/pride/multiomics/ws/spectra/stream/'
↪findByGenericRequest'
headers = {"Content-Type": "application/json"}
data = '{"peptideSequenceRegex":"AQLG*", "ptm":{"ptmKey":"name", "ptmValue":"iTRAQ4plex'
↪"}, "proteinAccessions":["P40227", "ENSP00000352019.2"], "geneAccessions":["
↪"ENST00000335503.3", "CCT6A"]}'

def main1():
    response = requests.post(url, data=data, headers=headers, stream=True)
    if response.status_code != 200:
        text = str(response.status_code) + ': ' + response.text
        raise Exception(text)
    for line in response.iter_lines():
        if line:
            print(line)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main1()
```